

GLOBAL OPERATIONAL FOOTPRINT BASELINE SURVEY

Scope and Analysis Methodology

Scope

In October 2020, a global survey was launched to obtain baseline information around the updated nine pillars of the GPC Global Operational Footprint. The scope of the survey was based on the list of the 6+1 cluster core functions, complemented with information on implementation levels of core protection activities in field operations as well as coordination structures and staffing at national and sub-national level.

All field cluster coordinators / co-coordinators (in consultation with AoRs and partners) answered a series of questions relevant to each pillar, in order to determine the level to which different core functions are in place. Each pillar included a series of component or sub-categories, as can be seen in the table below.

PILLARS	COMPONENTS			
1. DELIVER ESSENTIAL QUALITY SERVICES TO POPULATIONS IN NEED	Core protection and AOR services	Population Targeted in relation to PiN		
2. COORDINATE SERVICE DELIVERY	3/4/5/ws	Service mapping	Referral pathways	Information Sharing Protocols
3. INFORM HUMANITARIAN STRATEGIC DECISION-MAKING	Protection monitoring systems	Protection needs assessments	Joint protection analysis	Protection briefings
4. PLAN AND IMPLEMENT CLUSTERS STRATEGIES	Cluster strategies	Contribution to HPC	Contribution to other planning processes	Contribution to funding proposals
5. MONITOR AND EVALUATE RESPONSE	Regular progress review	Regular funding review	Activities' quality monitoring	CCPM
6. BUILD NATIONAL CAPACITIES IN PREPAREDNESS AND CONTIGENCY PLANNING	Contingency plan (conflict/violence)	Contingency plan (natural hazard)	Contingency plan (disease outbreaks)	Transition strategy
7. SUPPORT ROBUST ADVOCACY	Advocacy strategy	Contribution to HCT messages / products	Donors meetings	Dissemination channels
8. ENSURE ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATIONS AND STRONG ENGAGEMENT WITH COMMUNITIES	Membership standards	Trainings on standards	AAP Trainings	RCCE harmonized approach
9. CLUSTER RESOURCES AND LEADERSHIP	Staffing (Coordinator, Co-coordinator, IMO)	AORs Established	Cluster SAG	

Analysis methodology

The analysis was done in two stages.

1. **First**, each different component was classified into four categories: *adequate*, *partial*, *insufficient* or *not in place*. This classification was based on given scores to qualitative information reported about the scope / reach of the different components, which were varied for each but usually involved aspects such as coverage, frequency, level of collaboration, among others.
2. **Second**, the overall result for each component was translated into scores (adequate = 3, partial = 2, insufficient =1, not in place = 0), and the scores of the different components of each Pillar were then combined to derive an overall score for each one.

Within the scoring system, in general, components or pillars obtaining **75%** or more of the overall points were classified as *Adequate*, between **45%-75%** as *Partial*, between **20%-45%** as *Insufficient* and below **20%** rest as *Not In place*.