Kabul
Informal Settlements
Background

- Prior 2009 involvement
- 2009 mapping of KIS
- 2010 Prot. Profiling 8 KIS 50% pop.
- Priority given to sites facing eviction threat
- Initial report shared to guide strategy
Mapping findings

- 52 KIS identified
- Pop. 5,544 fam./33,264 ind.
- Tents, mud structures, disused buildings.
- Some sites established in 2002. Others more recently, including 2012.
- Land: Government, privately or by Kabul Municipality.
Profiling Findings: Population

- **Place of origin:** All regions except SE.
- **Ethnicity:** Jogi, Jat/Baloch, Tajik, Pashtun and Hazara.
- **Displacement history:** Assisted returnees 75%, sponten. 14%, deportees 6%, never left 5%.
- **Year of return:** 2004, 2005 and 2007.
- **Reasons for living in KIS:** landlessness, access to services, security.
- **Unwilling to return:** land, jobs, services, security.
Profiling Findings: Assistance needs

- **Employment**: casual labour, begging (women and children).
- **WATSAN**: limited access to clean water, poor hygiene/sanitation.
- **Health**: access to clinics but prohibitive cost of medicine. Unsafe deliveries.
- **Education**: forced labour. Limited access.
Profiling Findings: Protection

- Security of tenure – threat of eviction.
- Physical security – general insecurity in Kabul, UXOs.
- Tension with local community/discrimination.
- Drug abuse.
- SGBV – domestic violence
- Documentation – especially children born in KIS.
- Limited access to services, including education.
Responses

• Sharing of profiling findings and protection gaps at CRPC

• OCHA coordination of humanitarian gaps/interventions at KIS meeting.

• Identification and assistance of EVIs.

• Referrals, e.g. UXO risk to MACCA.

• Project development with UN-HABITAT for 2012/13
Thanks for your attention
Questions, if any