

## **KEY FIGURES**

# 1,105\*

\*Estimated number of people killed as of 11 July

## 12,115\*

\*Estimated number of people injured as of 11 July

125

Hospitals affected

#### 164

Public buildings affected

#### 65

Humanitarian offices/assets looted/attacked

## 366,432

People fled to Chad

## 225,293

People fled to South Sudan

279,230

People fled to Egypt

## 17,781

People fled to CAR

#### **33,603** People fled to Ethiopia

## 3,433,025

People internally displaced

Sources of displacement data: IDPs, IOM DTM; refugees, UNHCR

# AT A GLANCE: PROTECTION IMPACTS OF THE CONFLICT

Update no. 14, 20 August 2023

# HIGHLIGHTS

This is a document reporting on the severity of the protection impacts on the civilian population as a result of ongoing conflict in Sudan. Clashes between the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and Rapid Support Forces (RSF) erupted on 15 April 2023 and are now in their eighteenth week.

#### Deaths and Injuries:

- On 11 July, the Federal Ministry of Health stated at least 1,105 people have been killed and 12,115 injured due to the conflict. No more recent public are known to be available. Actual figures are undoubtedly higher with communications challenges and ongoing violence inhibiting systematic reporting.
- Since the fighting started, 19 humanitarian workers have been killed and many others have been injured. In addition, according to WHO, 11 health workers have been killed and 38 injured.
- On 8 August, the Unit for Combating Violence Against Women reported that they have documented 124 cases of sexual violence against women and girls across Khartoum (60 cases), South Darfur (43 cases), and West Darfur (21 cases). The increase was primarily driven by 12 new cases identified at Kalma camp in South Darfur. The actual number of incidents is likely to be much higher, with reporting inhibited by lack of access to services, ongoing security risks and community stigma.

#### Impact on Civilians:

- In <u>Khartoum</u>, clashes between SAF and RSF continued, amidst indiscriminate shelling including of civilian residential areas. Of the estimated 2,553,817 people displaced from Khartoum, approximately 39,690 IDPs have sought refuge in other locations across Khartoum state while 2,514,127 have fled to other states across Sudan.
- In <u>River Nile</u>, an estimated 500,979 IDPs from Khartoum are reportedly seeking shelter with relatives or in rented accommodation across across Abu Hamad, Ad Damar, Al Buhaira, Al Matama, Atbara, Barbar, and Shendi localities.
- In <u>Northern State</u>, an estimated 362,136 IDPs, all reportedly displaced from Khartoum, are sheltering across Ad Dabbah, Al Burgaig, Al Golid, Delgo, Dongola, Halfa, and Merowe localities. Almost one in five IDPs in Northern State intend to move to another location, with most intending to travel onward to Egypt; however, restrictive visa processes are inhibiting travel across the border.
- In <u>Sennar</u>, an estimated 282,352 people displaced from Khartoum are sheltering with host families and in rented accommodation across Abu Hujar, Ad Dali, Ad Dinder, As Suki, Sennar, Sharg Sennar, and Sinja localities.
- In <u>White Nile</u>, 279,895 IDPs are reportedly sheltering with their relatives, in camp-like settings, in rented accommodation and in public buildings across Ad Diwaim, Aj Jabalain, Al Gitaina, As Salam/Ar Rawat, Guli, Kosti, Rabak, Tendalti, and Um Rimta localities. IOM DTM notes that almost one in three of the caseload are non-Sudanese nationals.
- In <u>North Darfur</u>, an estimated 275,105 individuals are displaced, with the reduction in the IDP population since the last report attributed to movement of IDPs from Tawila towards both El Fasher locality in North Darfur and Jabal Marra in Central Darfur. IDPs are sheltering across Al Fasher, Al Koma, Al Lait, Al Malha, As Serief, At Tawisha, Dar As Salam, Kebkabiya, Kelemando, Kernoi, Kutum, Melit, Saraf Omra, Tawila, Um Baru, and Um Kadadah localities.
- In <u>East Darfur</u>, IOM DTM estimates 260,055 IDPs to be predominately sheltering with host community households following the expansion of data gathering

activities into several previously restricted localities. IDPs are reportedly present in Abu Jabrah, Abu Karinka, Ad Du'ayn, Adila, Al Firdous, Assalaya, and Bahr Al Arab localities.

- In <u>AI Jazirah</u>, IOM DTM field teams report 238,529 IDPs sheltering with relatives in the host community, in rented accommodation, public buildings and open area gathering sites across AI Hasahisa, AI Kamlin, AI Manaqil, AI Qurashi, Janub Aj Jazirah, Medani AI Kubra, Sharg Aj Jazirah, and Um Algura localities.
- In <u>Gedaref</u>, an estimated 232,842 IDPs displaced from Khartoum are sheltering across AI Butanah, AI Fao, AI Fashaga, AI Galabat AI Gharbyah-Kassab, AI Mafaza, AI Qureisha, Ar Rahad, Basundah, Gala'a An Nahal, Galabat Ash-Shargiah, Madeinat AI Gedaref, and Wasat AI Gedaref. IDPs are predominately sheltering in informal hosting arrangements, with the increase in the population attributed to expansion of IOM DTM monitoring activities.
- In <u>South Darfur</u>, an estimated 230,585 individuals are predominately displaced from other areas within South Darfur. IDPs are reported to be sheltering across Al Wihda, As Salam, As Sunta, Beliel, Buram, Kas, Mershing, Nitega, Nyala Janoub, Rehaid Albirdi, Sharg Aj Jabal, and Tulus localities.
- In <u>Central Darfur</u>, an estimated 217,635 individuals are displaced from other areas in Central Darfur, West Darfur, South Darfur and North Darfur. IDPs are predominately sheltering with relatives or in improvised shelters, across Azum, Gharb Jabal Marrah, Shamal Jabal Marrah, Um Dukhun, Wadi Salih, Wasat Jabal Marrah, and Zalingi localities.
- In <u>multiple states</u>, displaced populations of fewer than 150,000 people were reported by IOM DTM. Affected states include: West Darfur (103,355); Red Sea (102,273 displaced individuals); Kassala (78,695 displaced individuals); North Kordofan (77,912 displaced individuals); South Kordofan (69,455 displaced individuals); Blue Nile (45,259 displaced individuals); and, West Kordofan (36,273 displaced individuals). In most states outside Darfur, the majority of the IDP caseload originates from Khartoum state.

#### **Medical Facilities:**

- The WHO Surveillance System for Attacks on Health Care (SSA) indicates that 53 attacks on health care have been reported since the onset of the violence on 15 April, of which: 34 attacks impacted facilities; 23 attacks impacted personnel; 14 attacks impacted supplies; eight attacks impacted transport; seven attacks impacted patients; and, six attacks impacted warehouses.
- Out of 89 main hospitals in Khartoum and across the country, 71 are reportedly out of service (79.8%), with the remainder operating at only partial capacity.

#### Public Institutions:

Looting, occupation of and attacks on public institutions continued to be reported (this is not an exhaustive list and the data is based on available information):

In Khartoum: Khartoum International Airport, Central Bank, Specialized Children Hospital, Fedail hospital, Bahri public market, Al Huda penitentiary, Kober Prison, Saudi Cultural Building, Maternity Hospital in Omdurman, Afra Mall, Islamic Solidarity Bank, United Capital Bank, Khartoum Industrial Zone, Omdurman market, AI Hawyaat Customs Station in Soba, Baraa Hospital for Children, Corps of Engineers, Bank of Khartoum HQ and branches, Souk Libya, Zakat Office in Jabra, Al Amal Hospital, Qarri Free Zone, Higher Academy for Strategic and Security Studies, Jabra Hospital, Ahmad Qasim Hospital, East Nile Hospital, Al-Baraka Bank, Episcopal Anglican Church, Al Ahfad University, Dar Alsalam courthouse, Khartoum courthouse, Land Registration Office, National Authority for Radio and Television, Saudi Sudanese Bank, Durra Medical Complex in Khartoum North, Al Oshara market, Al Ahfad University, El Neelain University, Chinese Hospital, Al Muwaliah market, Gold market, Al Neelain University, Al Haji Nour Al Shahid mosque, Al Taqwaa mosque, Haj Al Safi Teaching Hospital, Al Waladein Charitable Eye Hospital, Ministry of Minerals, Omdurman courthouse, Omdurman Technical High School, Al Noor Institute for People with Visual Impairment, Karari Supreme Court, Soba Hospital, University of Khartoum, Al Qabs School, Educational Hospital in Omdurman, Al Zahra Mosque, National Public Health Laboratory, National Medical Supply Funds

Warehouse, Central Blood Bank, El Silah El Tibbi Hospital, Rakha Mosque, Alyaa Specialist Hospital, Blue Nile Hospital, Azirqab power station, Central market, International University of Africa, Tawila Hospital, Police House.

- In North Kordofan: El Obeid International Airport, El Obeid market, El Daman hospital, Al Rahad Locality office, Al Rahad police station, Al Rahad courthouse, Al Rahad market, Ministry of Finance, Judiciary office, traffic police office, North Kordofan Electricity Corporation vehicles looted, Bara Judiciary office, Bara Land Registration office, Bara market, Um Rowaba market, El Obeid City Hospital, Um Rowaba Prison, Sheikan student dormitory.
- In <u>West Kordofan</u>: El Fula Prison, Abu Zadab Prison, El Fula police station, El Fula Passport and Civil Registry Office, El Fula market.
- In <u>South Kordofan</u>: Debebat police station, Dillinj police station, Emtidad Elementary School.
- In <u>Blue Nile</u>: Roro market.
- In <u>North Darfur</u>: Bank of Khartoum, Specialized Childrens Hospital, Nifasha market, Kabkabiya police HQ, Kabkabiya civil registry and court, Kabkabiya locality office and warehouse, El Fasher locality office, Attorney General's office, El Fasher market, Kutum market, Kutum locality office, Tawila market, occupation of four schools by conflicting parties.
- In <u>West Darfur</u>: Hospitality Guesthouse, Legislative Council, Krinding Civilian Protection Center, Krinding police station, El Geneina Airport, Alporsa market, Beida market, Ministry of Health, El Geneina market, El Geneina Police HQ, three fuel stations, Maktab Al Tahsiin vaccination center, El Geneina Hospital, Al Madares medical clinic, Kreneik market, Mornei police station, bore holes, Sirba Locality office, Sirba Hospital, Sirba markets.
- In <u>South Darfur</u>: Alshatta market, main market, Sha'bi market, Nyala Airport, Ministry of Finance, Buram police station, Sudani telecommunications facilities, Sudanese Saudi Bank, COR Office in Amal refugee settlement, Nyala Police station, Nyala Correction and Rehabilitation Center, Beleil police station.
- In <u>East Darfur</u>: Al Daleeb police station, Ministry of Finance, Quality and Measurements Office.
- In <u>AI Jazirah:</u> Medani Hospital, Kab AI Jidad police station.
- In <u>Central Darfur</u>: Zalengei University, Zalengei Airport, Um Shalaya police station, Zalengei market, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Finance, Blue Nile Mashreq Bank, Savings Bank, Agriculture Bank, Garsila Zakat office, Zalengei Hospital, Zalengei Locality office, Public Prosecutor's office, Zalengei police HQ, Kerendi market, Mukjar police station, Health Insurance Services Center.

#### Humanitarian Offices/Assets:

Looting and attacks on humanitarian offices/assets continued to be reported (this is not an exhaustive list and the data is based on available information):

- In <u>Khartoum</u>: OCHA, UNHCR Field and Representation Offices, WFP Soba warehouse, UNICEF office/warehouses, UNITAMS, MSF warehouse, UNESCO office, IOM offices (Manshia, Soba), IOM warehouse, UN agency ambulance.
- In <u>North Kordofan:</u> WFP warehouse, WFP logistics hub, UNHCR warehouse.
- In <u>West Kordofan</u>: WFP fuel truck in Wadbanda, UNHCR office in El Fula, IRW office in El Fula, Concern International office in El Fula, HOPE office in El Fula.
- In <u>Blue Nile</u>: WFP food supplies.
- In <u>AI Jazirah:</u> IOM vehicle carjacked in Aljadid Althora.
- In <u>North Darfur</u>: Save the Children office, GIZ office, UNFPA office, Plan International office, UNHCR El Fasher warehouse, WFP compound in Kutum.
- In <u>West Darfur</u>: WFP Krinding warehouse, UNHAS airport compound, IOM office, UNHCR vehicles, fuel tanks and office, WFP vehicles and warehouse, UNDP office, UNFPA office, UNITAMS office, UN-HABITAT office, WHO office, UNICEF office, FAO office, UNITAMS guesthouse, NRC office.
- In <u>Central Darfur</u>: NCA Zalengei office and warehouse, IRW office, ICRC office, vehicle from Islamic Relief, TGH office, WFP office and guesthouse in Zalengei, IMC office in Zalengei, IMC office in Garsila, UNICEF office, UNHCR office.
- In <u>South Darfur</u>: WFP office and warehouse, and offices of MSF, CARE, World Vision, IMC, UNICEF, UNHCR, NCA, UNDP, FAO, UNOPS, ZOA, and WHO.

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